### Oxford University

The University Home of C. S. Lewis

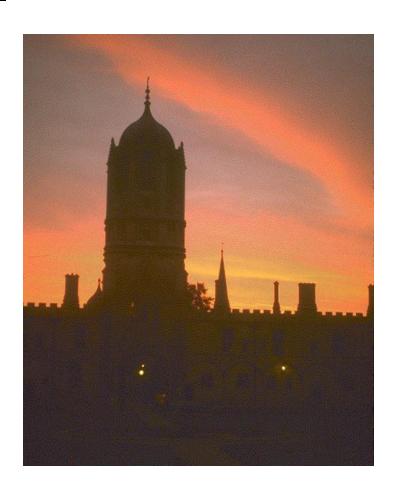
# C. S. Lewis

- Attended University College, 1917-1923, earning two degrees
- Taught at Magdalen College, 1925-1954
- But first, a look at parts of Oxford

# Cornmarket and Christ Church



# Christ Church College



- Known as "Christ Church"
- Tom Tower
- Largest of the Oxford Colleges
- John Wesley graduates from here
- Also William Penn
- Seat of the Bishop
- And most important of all . . .
- Joel Heck studied here

### Pembroke College



- Roger Bannister
- The first person to break the fourminute barrier for the mile
- Master,Pembroke
- Neurologist

# Pembroke Dining Hall



- A luncheon during the 2008 conference
- Next slide of the interior



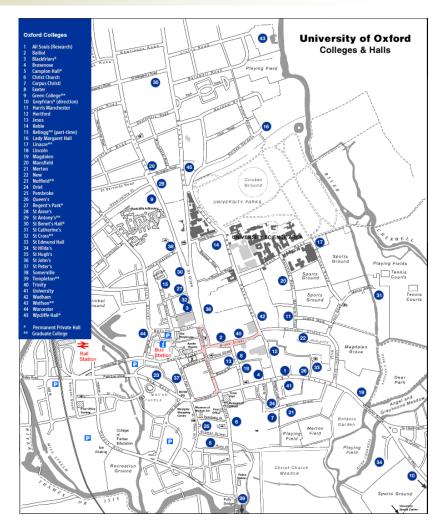
### William Morris



- The Longwall Garage
- Brought the automobile to Oxford
- Later LordNuffield
- Nuffield College

# Bird's Eye View

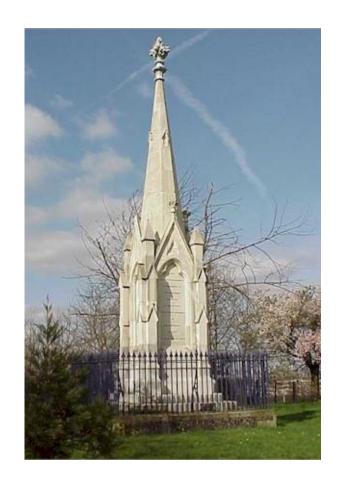
- Martyr's Memorial
- Magdalen College
- Christ Church
- Ashmolean Museum
- High Street (eastwest street)
- Cherwell River along the right side of image



- Radcliffe Camera (right)
- A reading room of the Bodleian library
- Since 1861



- The Martyr's Memorial
- The Oxford Movement
- Built in 1838
- Latimer, Cranmer, and Ridley martyred in 1555 and 1556
- Magdalen & Beaumont Streets, near the center of the University



### Oxford Museums

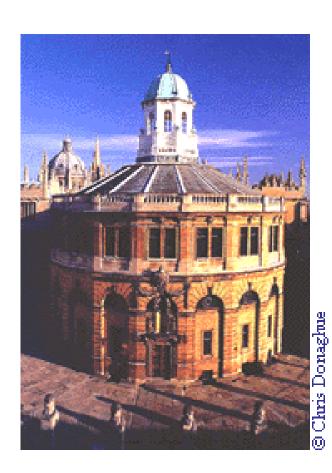


- Ashmolean Museum, the best known museum, founded in 1683 (Britain's oldest public museum)
- The Bate Collection of Musical Instruments
- Museum of the History of Science (left)
- Pitt Rivers Museum
- University Museum of Natural History



- Bodleian Library
- Named after donor
  Thomas Bodley (1545-1613)
- Five layers of architecture
- Quadrangle built in 1613-1619
- Main entrance pictured here

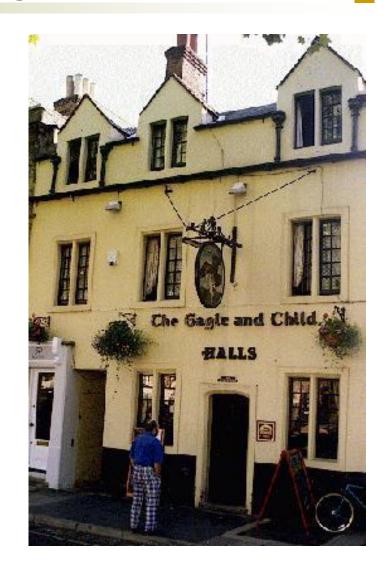
- Sheldonian Theater
- Built 1664-1668
- By Sir Christopher Wren
- Public ceremonies
- Recitals
- Concerts
- Meetings



- Clarendon Building
- Built for Oxford University Press
- **1712-1713**
- Now part of the Bodleian Library
- Where you apply for a library card



- The Eagle and Child (pub)
- Also known as "The Bird and the Baby"
- The Inklings met here and read their works in progress



# Other Inkling Haunts





White Horse Inn

The Kings Arms

### One More Inkling Haunt



# [And now...

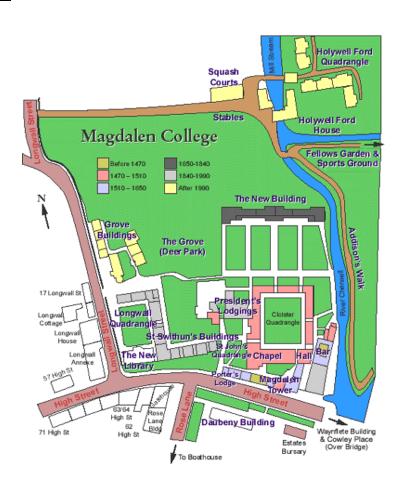
 . . . on to Magdalen College, Oxford, where Lewis began to teach in 1925.

# Magdalen College



- High Street (near the top)
- Deer Park
- New Building (bottom of photo)
- Addison's Walk (off the left side of the picture)
- The River Cherwell (left)
- More than the eye can see

#### Addison's Walk



- Named after Joseph Addison
- 1672-1719
- Former student and a Fellow of Magdalen for twenty-years
- 100 acres (right edge of diagram)

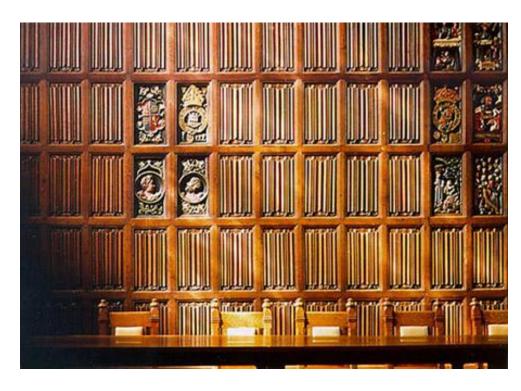
## Addison's Walk

- The location of the famous talk between Lewis and Tolkien/Dyson
- September 19,1931
- On myth, led to Lewis's conversion



# Great Hall (Dining Hall)

- Carved panels
- Dates from 1541
- Scenes from the life of Mary Magdalene



# Dining Hall (from the outside)



- Dining hall
- From the window of a cloister
- Looking south
- New Building behind you as you view it

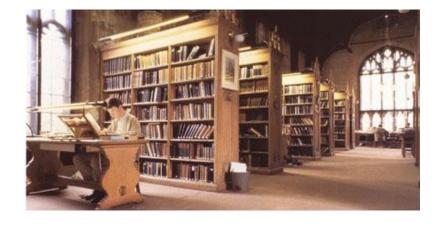
### **New Building**



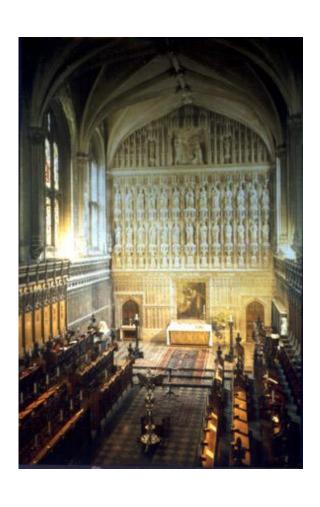
- Built in 1733
- New?
- Where Lewis had his rooms
- Third staircase, third set of rooms
- Tutorials held here

## Magdalen College Library

- Just a library
- You've seen one before
- Books
- More books
- Still more books
- Sometimes students even study here



# Magdalen College Chapel



- East of St. John's Quadrangle
- West end of connected buildings
- Redesigned by L.N. Cottingham,1829-1834

### The Kilns

- Jack and Warnie lived here
- From 1931 until their deaths
- Mrs. Moore
- Fred Paxford, the gardener
- Etc.



#### Lewis's Church

- Holy Trinity, Headington Quarry
- Church of England
- Pew marked as the place where he sat
- Narnia window



#### The End



- The gravesite of Jack and Warren
- "Men must endure their going hence."
- Calendar quotation on the day when their mother died in 1908
- Holy Trinity
- November 22, 1963 (Jack's death)
- April 9, 1973 (Warren's death)